

Демоверсия переводного экзамена для 10 класса по английскому языку

ФИО _____

Задание 1. Вы услышите четыре коротких диалога, обозначенных **A, B, C и D**. Определите, где происходит каждый из этих диалогов. Используйте каждое место действия из списка 1-5 только один раз. В задании есть одно лишнее место действия. Вы услышите запись дважды. Запишите свои ответы в таблицу.

- | | |
|--------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. At the doctor's | 4. In a museum |
| 2. In a shop | 5. In a swimming pool |
| 3. In a classroom | |

Диалог	A	B	C	D	E
Место действия					

Задание 2. Установите соответствие между заголовками 1–5 и текстами A–D. Запишите свои ответы в таблицу. Используйте каждую цифру только один раз. В задании два заголовка лишние.

1. New perspectives
2. Perfect for a quiet holiday
3. Land of nature wonders
4. A visit to the Zoo
5. Difficult start
6. Bad for animals.

A The mountains of Scotland (we call them the Highlands) are a wild and beautiful part of Europe. A golden eagle flies over the mountains. A deer walks through the silence of the forest. Salmon and trout swim in the clean, pure water of the rivers. Some say that not only fish swim in the deep water of Loch Ness. Speak to the people living by the Loch. Each person has a story of the monster, and some have photographs.

B The Camel and Wildlife Safari is a unique mixture of the traditional and modern. Kenya's countryside suits the Safari purposes exceptionally well. Tourists will have a chance to explore the bush country near Samburu, to travel on a camel back or to sleep out under the stars. Modern safari vehicles are always available for those who prefer comfort.

C No zoo has enough money to provide basic habitats or environments for all the species they keep. Most animals are put in a totally artificial environment, isolated from everything they would meet in their natural habitat. Many will agree that this isolation is harmful to the most of zoo inhabitants, it can even amount to cruelty.

D A new London Zoo Project is a ten year project to secure the future for the Zoo and for many endangered animals. The plan has been devised by both animal and business experts to provide world-leading accommodation for all our animals, to more fully engage and inform people about conservation issues, to redesign certain aspects of Zoo layout.

Текст	A	B	C	D
Заголовок				

Задание 3. Прочитайте текст и заполните пропуски 1- 6 частями предложений, обозначенными буквами А–G. Одна из частей в списке А–G лишняя. Занесите букву, обозначающую соответствующую часть предложения, в таблицу.

Before the Hubble Space Telescope was launched, scientists thought they knew the universe. They were wrong. The Hubble Space Telescope has changed many scientists' view of the universe. The telescope is named after American astronomer Edwin Hubble, 1 _____.

He established that many galaxies exist and developed the first system for their classifications. In many ways, Hubble is like any other telescope. It simply gathers light. It is roughly the size of a large school bus. What makes Hubble special is not what it is, 2 _____.

Hubble was launched in 1990 from the "Discovery" space shuttle and it is about 350 miles above our planet, 3 _____. It is far from the glare of city lights, it doesn't have to look through the air, 4 _____.

And what a view it is! Hubble is so powerful it could spot a fly on the moon. Yet in an average orbit, it uses the same amount of energy as 28 100-watt light bulbs.

Hubble pictures require no film. The telescope takes digital images 5 _____.

Hubble has snapped photos of storms on Saturn and exploding stars. Hubble doesn't just focus on our solar system. It also peers into our galaxy and beyond. Many Hubble photos show the stars that make up the Milky Way galaxy. A galaxy is a city of stars.

Hubble cannot take pictures of the sun or other very bright objects, because doing so could “fry” the telescope’s instruments, but it can detect infrared and ultra violet light **6** _____.

Some of the sights of our solar system that Hubble has glimpsed may even change the number of planets in it.

- A. which is above Earth’s atmosphere.
- B. which are transmitted to scientists on Earth.
- C. which is invisible to the human eye.
- D. who calculated the speed at which galaxies move.
- E. so it has a clear view of space.
- F. because many stars are in clouds of gas.
- G. but where it is.

Задание 4. Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами, обозначенных номерами 1-7 так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами.

Albert Schweitzer, a Nobel Peace Prize Winner

Albert Schweitzer is known throughout the world for his missionary work in Africa. He was born on January 14, 1875 in Alsace, which was part of Germany and **1. (LATE)**_____ Part of France after World War I He was a talented person. By the age of thirty, he **2. (KNOW)** _____ as an author, a lecturer, and a musician. It was at this time that he learned of the great need of medical doctors in Africa. He decided to become a doctor of medicine. In 1913, Doctor Schweitzer and his wife **3. (LEAVE)**_____ for Africa. The morning after the Schweitzers arrived, they started to treat their patients in an old farmhouse. However, a new hospital building **4. BUILD** _____ with the help and the trust of the African people. Their work was interrupted by World War I. Only in 1924, Dr. Schweitzer was finally able to return to Lambarene to rebuild the hospital. When Mrs. Schweitzer came back to Africa in 1929, the hospital was much **5. (LARGE)**

_____ In 1953 Dr. Schweitzer **6. (GIVE)** _____ the Nobel Peace Prize. He was grateful, but said, "No man has the right to pretend that he **7. (WORK)** _____ enough for the cause of peace or declare himself satisfied.

Задание 5. Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами после номеров 1-6 так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически **соответствовали содержанию текста.** Заполните пропуски полученными словами.

Tourism in Britain

Every year more than eleven million tourists visit Britain. In fact, tourism is an 1. **(IMPORTANCE)** _____ industry, employing thousands of people. Most **2. (VISIT)** _____ come in the summer months when they can expect good weather. Tourists **3. (USUAL)** _____ spend a few days in London, then go on to other well-known cities. Perhaps the least visited places in England are old 4 **(USUAL)** _____ towns. But many people think that nineteenth-century cities show the 5. **(REAL)** _____ of Britain. The 6. **(GREAT)** _____ of the past is to be still seen in their old streets.

Задание 6. Прочитайте текст с пропусками, обозначенными номерами 1-7. Эти номера соответствуют заданиям 1-7, в которых представлены возможные варианты ответов. Обведите номер выбранного вами варианта ответа.

"It's Only Me"

After her husband had gone to work, Mrs Richards sent her children to school and went upstairs to her bedroom. She was too excited to do any housework that morning, because in the evening she would be going to a fancy dress **1** _____ with her husband. She intended to dress up as a ghost and she had made her costume the night before. Now she was **2** _____ to try it on. Though the costume consisted only of a sheet, it was very effective. Mrs Richards put it **3** _____, looked in the mirror, smiled and went downstairs. She wanted to find out whether it would be **4** _____ to wear. Just as Mrs Richards was entering the dining-room, there was a **5** _____ on the front door. She knew that it must be the baker. She had told him to come straight in if ever she failed to open the door and to leave the bread on the kitchen table. Not wanting to **6** _____ the poor man, Mrs Richards quickly hid in the small store-room under the stairs. She heard the front door open and heavy

footsteps in the hall. Suddenly the door of the store-room was opened and a man entered. Mrs Richards realized that it must be the man from the Electricity Board who had come to read the meter. She tried to **7** _____ the situation, saying 'It's only me', but it was too late. The man let out a cry and jumped back several paces. When Mrs Richards walked towards him, he ran away, slamming the door behind him.

1. 1) show 2) performance 3) party 4) programme

2. 1)nervous 2) restless 3)ill at ease 4) impatient

3. 1)up 2) on 3) over 4) down

4. 1)attractive 2) exciting 3) comfortable 4) cozy

5. 1)knock 2) kick 3) hit 4) crash

6 1)fear 2) worry 3) disturb 4) frighten

7 1)describe 2) explain 3) interpret 4) clear